Summary of Single-Use Item Reduction Regulations and Policies in Canada

Purpose

This document summarizes regulations and policies put in place by governments across Canada and the world to reduce single-use items. It is not intended to be a comprehensive list but provides a snapshot of various initiatives are being taken in other jurisdictions.

The scan focuses on Metro Vancouver's priority single-use items: bags, cups, takeout containers, straws and utensils, and jurisdictions with strategies to reduce single-use items.

Updates and Suggestions

This document was last updated July 2020 based on research completed between from April to June 2020. Therefore, it may not reflect all changes made in the past 3 months. All changes made since the previous version released July 2019 are highlighted with red text.

We welcome any updates or information about other programs. Please email suggested updates to karen.storry@metrovancouver.org.

Government Single-Use Item Reduction Regulations and Policies Canada

This summary is organized by province and in alphabetical order.

Canada	nary of single-os					
British Colum	pia					
	Plan/Strategy	Straws	Utensils	Bags	Cups	Containers
Courtenay	-	Ban	-	Ban	-	-
		(enforcement		(enforcement		
		pending)		pending)		
Cumberland	-	Ban	-	Ban	-	-
Qualicum	-	Ban	-	Ban	-	-
Beach						
Salmon Arm	-	-	-	Ban	-	-
Squamish	-	Ban	-	Ban	-	-
Tofino	-	Ban	-	Ban	Foam Ban	Foam Ban
		(Pending		(Pending	(Pending	(Pending
		MoECCS		MoECCS	MoECCS	MoECCS
		Approval)		Approval)	Approval)	Approval)
Ucluelet	-	Ban	-	Ban	-	-
		(Pending		(Pending		
		MoECCS		MoECCS		
		Approval)		Approval)		
Victoria	-	-	-	Ban (Pending	-	-
				MoECCS		
				Approval)		
Metro Vancou	ver Regional Distr	ict				
	Plan/Strategy	Straws	Utensils	Bags	Cups	Containers
North	Options	-	-	-	-	-
Vancouver,	presented to					
District	Council					
Richmond	-	Ban (Pending	-	Ban	Foam Ban	Foam Ban
		MoECCS		(Pending	(Pending	(Pending
		Approval)		MoECCS	MoECCS	MoECCS
				Approval)	Approval)	Approval)
City of Port	Consultation	-	-	-	-	-
Moody	results					
	submitted to					
	Council					
Surrey	Request to	-	-	-	-	-
	Council					

			and the second
Table 1 Cumman	1 of Cingle I lee Item	Doduction Dogulations	and Policies in Canada
Table L - Summan	/ 01 201816-026 060	Reduction Regulations	and Policies in Canada

Metro Vancou	ver Regional Distr	ict Continued				
	Plan/Strategy	Straws	Utensils	Bags	Cups	Containers
Vancouver	Yes	Ban (Pending	By-request	Ban	Foam Cups	Foam Ban
		April 2020)	(Pending	(Pending	Banned and	
			April 2020)	2021)	Fee for	
					Disposable	
					Cups	
					(Pending	
					2021)	
West			See deta	ils below.		
Vancouver						
Alberta						
	Plan/Strategy	Straws	Utensils	Bags	Cups	Containers
Calgary	Draft Strategy	-	-	-	-	-
	and					
	Engagement					
	created					
Jasper	-	-	_	Ban	_	_
RM Wood	_	_	_	Ban	_	_
Buffalo				Dan		
Saskatchewan						
Suskaterie warr	Plan/Strategy	Straws	Utensils	Bags	Cups	Containers
Regina	Report with	-	-	-	-	-
negina	Options					
	submitted to					
	Committee					
Ontario	committee					
Ontario	Plan/Strategy	Straws	Utensils	Bags	Cups	Containers
Toronto	Consultation	Straws	Otensiis	Dags	Cups	containers
10101110	Phase in	-	-	-	-	-
Quebec	progress	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			
Quebec	Dian (Stratogy	Strawc	Utensils	Page	Curre	Containara
Montreal	Plan/Strategy	-	Otensiis	Bags Ban	Cups	Containers
New Brunswick	-			Dall	-	-
New Drunswici	1	Stroug	Litopoilo	Baga	Curre	Contoinora
Monotor	Plan/Strategy	Straws	Utensils	Bags	Cups	Containers
Moncton	-	-	-	Ban	-	-
Dieppe	-	-	-	Ban	-	-
Riverview	-	-	-	Ban	-	-
Prince Edward	1					
	Plan/Strategy	Straws	Utensils	Bags	Cups	Containers
PEI	-	-	-	Ban	-	-
Nova Scotia						
	Plan/Strategy	Straws	Utensils	Bags	Cups	Containers
Nova Scotia	Flatty Strategy	500005	• • • • • • •	Dugs	Cups	Contailers

Table 1 - Summary of Single-Use Item Reduction Regulations and Policies in Canada Continued

Table 1 - Summary of Single-Use Item Reduction Regulations and Policies in Canada Continued Vukon

fukuli						
	Plan/Strategy	Straws	Utensils	Bags	Cups	Containers
Dawson City	-	Plastic Ban	Plastic Ban	Plastic Ban	Plastic and Foam Ban	Plastic and Foam Ban

Canada

The Canadian Council of Ministers of Environment have approved, in-principle, a <u>Canada-wide strategy</u> on zero plastic waste (<u>link</u>). Prime Minister Justin Trudeau announced the Government of Canada will <u>ban harmful single-use plastics</u> such as bags, straws, cutlery, plates and stir sticks, as early as 2021, and the Government of Canada will work with the provinces and territories to make companies that manufacture plastic products, or sell items with plastic packaging, responsible for this plastic waste. In January 2020, Environment and Climate Change Canada released a <u>Draft Science Assessment of Plastic</u> Pollution, stating:

"Science confirms that plastic pollution is everywhere and is negatively impacting our environment. This assessment will inform our decisions as our government follows through on our commitment to ban harmful single-use plastics as soon as 2021 because Canadians expect us to."

- The Honorable Jonathan Wilkinson, Minister of Environment and Climate Change (source)

British Columbia

Several municipalities throughout BC have adopted or are considering adopting regulations to reduce single-use items. The most common approach is a plastic bag and/or straw ban. A few municipalities are also implementing foam take-out container bans. Several local governments, including Metro Vancouver, have written letters to the Province supporting a provincial strategy to reduce single-use items. On July 25, 2019, the Province released their Plastics Action Plan Policy Consultation Paper.

On June 29, 2020, the BC Government adopted ammendments to the Recycling Regulation (B.C. Reg 449/2004) that will change how EPR programs in BC manage single-use items. Notable ammendments are highlighted below.

- Effective June 29, 2020, the minimum deposit for beverage containers is set at \$0.10 and refunds can be paid by cash or a method other than cash (e.g., e-Transfer).
- Effective February 1, 2022, milk and milk substitute beverage containers will transition from the packaging and paper product category to the beverage container deposit-return program.
- Effective January 1, 2023, packaging-like products and single-use products will be regulated items in the packaging and paper product category.
 - *Pacakging –like products* include items sold as products, which consumers may use associated with packaging such as: non-durable paper or plastic food containers, foil and wraps, bags, and boxes.
 - *Single-use products* includes items such as: straws, beverage stirrers, utensils, plates, bowls, cups, and party supplies.

Courtenay

On June 17, 2019, Courtenay City Council proceeded with final adoption of "City of Courtenay Single Use Plastic Regulations Bylaw No. 2970, 2019". It began July 1, 2019, with enforcement starting on March 31, 2020, in order to give businesses time to use up existing stock. Council requested that staff prepare a report on additional items to be added to the bylaw one year after the bylaw takes force. On December 2019 the Council directed staff not to enforce the bylaw until the the provincial and federal government announce their regulatory approach. The council report cites:

- the court's decision that the City of Victoria's *Checkout Bag Regulation Bylaw* required approval from the MoECCS to regulate businesses on environmental matters;
- the announcment from the Government of Canada to ban harmful single-use palstics as early as 2021; and
- the release of the Province of Britich Columbia's *Plastic Action Plan Policy Consultation Paper*

as the key reasons for delaying enforcement of the City of Courtenay Single Use Plastic Regulations Bylaw.

Resources

Landing Page:	Single-Use Plastics Regulations		
Council Reports, Presentations and Minutes:	 April 15, 2019 Staff report titled <i>City of Courtenay Single Use Plastic Regulation</i> <i>Bylaw No. 2970, 2019</i> June 10, 2019 Staff report titled <i>City of Courtenay Single Use Plastics Regulation</i> <i>Bylaw No. 2970, 2019</i> June 17, 2019 <i>Council Meeting Minutes – Final Adoption Carried (page 6)</i> December 16, 2019 Staff report titled <i>Single Use Plastic Regulation Bylaw –</i> <i>Enforcement Provisions</i> 		
Bylaw:	Bylaw No. 2970		
Other Resources:	Resident Survey Results		
	Business Survey Results		

Cumberland

On March 25, 2019, Cumberland City Council adopted "Single-Use Item Regulation Bylaw No. 1098, 2019", which includes the following:

- Biodegradable and compostable plastic are included in the definition of a plastic checkout bag and plastic drinking straw.
- Reusable bag is defined as being able to be used for 100 uses and made of cloth or other washable fabric.

The Bylaw came to force on July 1, 2019 and enforcement began January 2020.

Landing Page:	Reducing Reliance on Single-Use Plastics in Cumberland		
Council Reports,	• November 6, 2018 Staff report titled Single Use Plastic Ban Report (page 43)		
Presentations and	November 13, 2018 – Staff report titled Single Use Item Regulation		
Minutes:	March 14, 2019 – Staff report titled Single Use Item Regulation		

	• March 25, 2019 Council Meeting Minutes – Final Adoption Carried (page 5)
Bylaw:	Bylaw No. 1098
Other Resources:	FAQ
	Retailer Toolkit
	Resident Survey Results
	Business Survey Results

North Vancouver, District of

On May 6, 2019, District of North Vancouver Council passed a motion for staff to update Council on the actions of regional, provincial and federal governments to reduce and regulate single-use items. Council also passed a motion for staff to report back within 90 days with estimates of the cost and timeline to create and enact policies to reduce single-use items.

At the July 9, 2019 Council workshop, staff reported back on options and considerations for taking actions to reduce single-use items.

Resources

Landing Page:	None
Council Reports, Presentations and Minutes:	 May 6, 2019 minutes with motion to update Council on the actions regional, provincial and federal levels to reduce and regulate single-use items July 9, 2019 staff report for Council workshop titled <i>Taking Action to Reduce</i> <u>Single-Use Items</u> <u>Presentation</u>
Bylaws:	None

Qualicum Beach, Town of

The Town of Qualicum Beach banned plastic bags and straws, including those labelled biodegradable starting July 1, 2019. Reusable bags (rated for 100+ uses) and compostable bags labelled with BPI or BNQ compostable are acceptable alternatives. An enforcement plan will be considered in the future.

Resources

Landing Page:	Plastic Bag Ban		
Council Reports, Presentations and Minutes:	 March 19, 2018 Staff report titled Proposed Plastic Bag Ban Consultation Results (page 48) March 19, 2018 Staff report titled Uptown Summer Market and Reusable Summer Bags Proposals (page 75) February 25, 2019 Council Meeting Minutes with final adoption carried 		
Bylaws:	Bylaw No. 723		
Other Resources:	Public Brochure		
	FAQ on landing page		

Richmond

On June 10, 2019, Richmond City Council directed staff to start working on a bylaw or bylaws to ban plastic straws and plastic bags.

On July 15, 2019, staff presented a single-use plastic and other items bylaw to the General Purposes Committee. The bylaw targets the reduction of single-use items by banning:

- food service ware that contains polystyrene foam;
- plastic straws except for persons with disability and/or other accessibility needs who request a plastic straw, including those labelled compostable or biodegradable; and
- plastic bags including those labelled compostable or biodegradable.

On July 22, 2019, Council approved the implementation plan for single-use items with the direction to:

- seek approval of the bylaws from the Minister of Environment and Climate Change Strategy as soon as possible;
- analyze the minimum charge for paper bags and the definition of reusable bags and report back; and
- provide options to immediately commence educational outreach programs for the public and business.

The City of Richmond developed an engagement campaign with the tag-line "Let's be Leaders". The campaign includes information for businesses about the potential bylaws sent to the Ministry of Environment and Climate Change Strategy for approval. The city is running a door-to-door campaign to directly reach business that may be impacted. Public engagement concluded on November 10, 2019.

The bylaw was sent to the Ministry of Environment and Climate Change for approval.

Resources

Landing Page:	About Single-Use Items Bylaw		
Council Reports, Presentations and Minutes:	 May 14, 2019 General Purpose Committee staff report dated April 2, 2019 titled Single-Use Plastic Items – Proposed Consultation (page GP-69) July 15, 2019 General Purpose Committee meeting staff report dated July 5, 2019 titled Single-Use Plastic and Other Items Bylaw and Implementation Plans July 22, 2019 Council Minutes September 9, 2019 Council Meeting Agenda staff report dated August 8, 2019 		
	title CleanBC Plastics Action Plan - Policy Consultation Paper (page 48)		
Bylaws:	<u>Bylaw No. 10000</u>		
Other Resources:	Business Implementation Resources		
	Implementation Support		
	FAQs		

Port Moody

On June 26, 2018, Council asked staff to:

- Participate in the Metro Vancouver Single-Use Item Reduction Consultation;
- Report back after the Metro Vancouver Consultation with recommendations on next steps; and
- Seek feedback from Port Moody business license holders on their concerns about eliminating single use items.

In April 2019, Port Moody completed consultation survey of businesses. Based on feedback from 38 respondents, staff reported:

- "Many respondents indicated they are moving toward reducing single-use items"
- "Concerns about eliminating single-use items included a lack of alternative products, increasing costs for businesses, and loss of convenience for customers."

On January 21, 2020, Council asked staff to connect with the District of Tofino to gather information regarding the plastic bag ban in that community. Port Moody city staff summarized the results of the discussions with Tofino in a Memorandum dated February 10, 2020. Tofino has since updated their bylaw in March 2020 (see Tofino).

Nesources	
Landing Page:	None
Council Reports,	June 26, 2018 Motion from Council to begin consultation process for eliminating
Presentations and	single-use items
Minutes:	September 23, 2019 staff report titled Stakeholder Consultation Summary on Single-
	<u>Use Items</u> (Page 58)
	February 10, 2020 Memorandum to Council titled Delegation Response – SUPER
	(Single Use Plastics Elimination Reinforcer) Team (Page 55)
Bylaws:	None
Other Resources:	Business Consultation Summary

Resources

Salmon Arm

On June 10, 2019 City Council approved a bylaw to reduce checkout bags, which included:

- a ban on plastic bags including those labelled biodegradable or compostable;
- fees on paper bags of \$0.15 as of July 1, 2019 and \$0.25 after January 1, 2020; and
- fees on reusable bags of \$1.00 as of July 1, 2019 and \$2.00 after January 1, 2020. •

A 6-month transition period for businesses to source appropriate bags and use existing plastic bag stock. The city began enforcement January 1, 2020.

Resources

Landing Page:	Reducing Single-Use Plastic Bags
Council Reports, Presentations and Minutes:	 <u>December 10, 2018 Minutes with request for staff to bring forward draft bylaws to ban plastic bags</u> <u>February 25, 2019 staff report dated February 7, 2019 titled Checkout Shopping Bag Regulation Bylaw No 4297</u> <u>April 2019 staff report titled Checkout Shopping Bag Regulation Bylaw No. 4297 Update</u> <u>April 23, 2019 – Video of Public Meeting</u> <u>September 17, 2019 – Council Report titled MOECCS Plastics Action Plan Submission</u>
Bylaws:	<u>Bylaw No. 4297</u>
Other Resources:	FAQs for Residents FAQs for Businesses

Squamish

On July 2, 2019, Council approved recommendations from the Committee of the Whole, which included:

- consulting with stakeholders on draft bylaw to ban single-use plastic bags and straws starting January 1, 2020;
- bringing a report to Council in 2020 on regulating other single-use plastic items; and

- writing to the Ministry of Environment and Climate Change Strategy, UBCM and Squamish-Lillooet Regional District to request support for:
 - developing a province wide strategy to reduce single-use items and disposable plastic packaging;
 - o developing a provincial single-use item reduction strategy;
 - o developing provincial standards for compostable single-use items; and
 - collecting compostable single-use items through an extended producer responsibility program.

On September 17, 2019 staff provided Council outlining possible bylaw components for a

- Plastic bag ban; and
- Plastic straw ban.

On December 17, 2019, the District of Squamish adopted their Single-Use Items Reduction Bylaw. The bylaw

- restricts the distribution of single-use plastic checkout bags and straws including those labelled biodegradable or compostable;
- requires businesses to ask if the customer needs a checkout bag;
- requires business to charge a fee on Plastic Bags of \$0.10 per bag increasing to \$0.25 ninety days after the adoption of the bylaw;
- requires business to charge a fee on Paper Bags of \$0.20 per bag increasing to \$0.75 90 ninety after adoption of the bylaw; and
- requires business to charge a fee on Reusable Bags of \$1.20 per bag increasing to \$2.75 ninety after adoption of the bylaw.

Resources	
Landing Page:	Reducing Single-Use Items
Council Reports, Presentations and Minutes:	 June 25, 2019 staff report titled Update: Single-Use Items Regulation September 17, 2019 report to Council titled Single-Use Item Reduction Bylaw(Proposed Contents) September 17, 2019 staff presentation to Council titled Single-Use Item Regulation (Proposed Bylaw Contents)
Bylaws:	Single Use Item Reduction Bylaw No. 2703Municipal Ticket Information Bylaw No. 2704Notice Enforcement Bylaw Amendment
Other Resources:	FAQs

Resources

Surrey

On May 27, 2019, City Council endorsed the proposed actions as outlined in the Council <u>report</u> to commence the development of a Single-Use Item Reduction Strategy for Surrey. Early actions identified in the report include

- initiating preliminary consultation with residents and businesses;
- completing a single-use item waste composition study; and

• conducting an extensive review of regulatory and legislative authority.

On February 24, 2020, staff reported back to City Council after completing the Public Consultation, Waste Composition Study and collaboration with Metro Vancouver on the SUI toolkit. Surrey requested approval from council to

- prepare a Plastic Bag and Single-Use Item Bylaw; and
- develop a communications and education campaign on the proposed bylaw.

0	
Resou	rces
110004	

Landing Page:	Single-Use Item Reduction Strategy
Council Reports, Presentations and	 May 27, 2019 staff report dated May 23, 1029 titled Update on Single-Use Plastics and Other Items
Minutes:	 February 24, 2020 staff report dated February 20, 2020 titled Plastic Bags and Single-Use Items Update
Bylaws:	None

Tofino

Tofino, in coordination with Ucluelet, passed a bylaw that banned plastic straws and bags as of June 8, 2019. The bylaw

- includes a ban on plastic bags and straws including those labelled "biodegradable" or "compostable";
- includes fees for paper and reusable bags; and
- permits plastic bags to be distributed that have already been used by a customer and that have been returned to the business for the purpose of being reused by other customers.

On March 10, 2020, District of Tofino resolved that:

"District of Tofino Single-Use Item Regulation Bylaw No. 1277, 2020 be revised to include a prohibition on polystrene foam contanders and an exemption for the provision of Plastic Drinking Straws to person with disabilities upon request."

During the March 10, 2020 council meeting, the ammended bylaw was read a first, second and third time. The ammended bylaw was sent to the Minister of Environment and Climate Change Strategy for approval.

Landing Page:	Single-Use Item Regulations
Council Reports,	February 25, 2019 staff report titled District of Tofino Single-Use Plastic Bylaw
Presentations and	 Attachment 1 - <u>District of Tofino Single-use Item Regulation Bylaw No</u>
Minutes:	<u>1263, 2019</u>
	 Attachment 2 - <u>Single-Use Item Communications Plan</u>
	<u>April 30, 2019 staff report titled Single-Use Plastics Regulations</u>
	 Attachment 1 <u>Draft Bylaw</u>
	 Attachment 2 <u>Feedback</u>
	 Attachment 3 <u>Municipal Ticketing Bylaw</u>

	March 10, 2020 staff report titled Single-Use Item Regulation Bylaw
	<u>Amendments</u>
	 Attachment 1 Proposed Bylaw Amendment
	o Attachment 2 Municipal Ticketing Bylaw Amendment
Bylaw:	See Bylaw as attachment in Council Reports, Presentations and Minutes

Ucluelet

Ucluelet, in coordination with Tofino, passed a bylaw that as of June, 8, 2019, bans plastic straws and bags. The bylaw

- includes a ban on plastic bags and straws including those labelled "biodegradable" or "compostable";
- includes fees for paper and reusable bags; and
- permits plastic bags to be distributed that have already been used by a customer and that have been returned to the business for the purpose of being reused by other customers.

Ucluelet collected feedback through Facebook.

On February 11, 2020 Council approved and gave first, second and third reading to an updated bylaw. The updated bylaw

- identified that they bylaw is being adopted for the protection of the natural environment;
- expressly exempts small paper and plastics bags under 15cmx20cm; and
- removed transition provisions.

The updated bylaw was sent to the Minister of Environment and Climate Change Strategy for approval.

Landing Page:	Single Use Plastic Regulations Bylaw
Council Reports, Presentations and Minutes:	 November 27, 2018 staff report titled Single-Use Shopping Bag Bylaw March 26, 2019 staff report titled Single-Use Plastics Bylaw – 1st Reading February 11, 2020 staff report titled Single-Use Item Regulation Bylaw No 1266, 2020
Bylaw:	Bylaw No. 1247 (to be superseded pending Ministry approval)
Other Resources:	Tip Sheet – For Residents Tips for Business Tips for Staff FAQs

Vancouver

City of Vancouver consulted on and is implementing a single-use item reduction strategy that targets: foam cups and containers, plastic and paper bags, disposable cups, straw, utensil and take-out containers.

Existing and upcoming bylaws include:

- January 2020 Foam cups and container ban
 - Food vendor ban on serving prepared food in polystyrene foam cups and take-out containers, with a temporary 1-year exemption of hospitals and care facilities.
- April 2020 Plastic straw ban
 - Final bylaw was presented to Council November 30, 2019.
- January 2021—pending bans include
 - Plastic and paper bags;
 - Disposable cups; and,
 - o Disposable utensils.

A take-out container pilot program is planned, with details to be determined.

The City website encourages early adopters to reduce items if possible. For items that cannot be reduced, the City suggests selecting items that are readily accepted in the City's residential green bin program or the Recycle BC residential blue box program.

On April 9, 2020 the City of Vancouver updated their website to clarify that the start dates for single-use item bylaws for straws, utensils, cups and shopping bags remain unchanged. However, the city is suspending education, outreach and enforcement of by-laws until further notice due to the Covid-19 pandemic.

Landing Page:	Single-Use Item Reduction Strategy
Strategy:	City of Vancouver Single-Use Item Reduction Strategy 2018-2025
Council Reports,	• Feb 2, 2016 Report to Council titled Enhanced Solid Waste Management
Presentations and	and Diversion By-law Authority
Minutes:	o Feb 2, 2016 Council minutes
	o Feb 2, 2016 Council presentation
	June 27, 2017 Report to Council titled Single Use Items Update and
	Consultation Launch
	o June 27, 2017 Council minutes
	 June 27, 2017 Council presentation
	May 16, 2018 Report to Council titled Single Use Item Reduction Strategy
	o May 16, 2018 Council minutes
	o May 16, 2018 Council presentation
	April 24, 2019 Report to Council titled Single-Use Item Reduction Strategy
	<u>By-laws—Consultation Update</u>
	 April 24, 2019 Council minutes
	 April 24, 2029 Council presentation
	 November 27, 2019 Report to Council titled Bylaws to Reduce Single-Use
	<u>Items</u>
	 <u>November 27, 2019 Council minutes</u>
	 <u>November 27, 2019 Council presentation</u>
	 <u>November 27, 2019 Council report, Appendix I-1</u>
	 <u>November 27, 2019 Council report, Appendix I-2</u>
	 <u>November 27, 2019 Council report, Appendix I-3</u>

Bylaws:	• Foam
	 <u>By-law 12416 (amends By-law 4450 regarding polystyrene foam)</u>
	 By-law 12604 (amends By-law 4450 regarding charitable food
	<u>services)</u>
	Plastic Straws
	 By-law 12618 (amends By-law 4450 regarding plastic straws)
	• Bags
	 By-law 12624 (amends By-law 4450 regarding shopping bags)
	• Utensils
	 By-law 12620 (amends By-law 4450 regarding single-use utensils)
	• Cups
	 By-law 12622 (amends By-law 4450 regarding single-use cups)
Other Resources:	For bylaw adoption resources, see landing page
	Consultation Paper September 12, 2017
	Phase 1 Consultation Summary
	<u>Phase 2 Consultation Summary</u>
	Phase 3 Consultation Summary

Victoria

City of Victoria passed a <u>bylaw</u> that bans distribution of plastic shopping bags and requires a minimum fee of \$0.12 and \$1.00 for paper and reusable bags respectively.

The Canadian Plastic Bag Association challenged the legal authority of the City of Victoria to enact the bylaw. A June 19, 2018, ruling in the BC Supreme Court dismissed the case. On July 11, 2019, the Court of Appeal judgment determined the bylaw was invalid on the basis that it is a law intended to protect the environment rather than one concerned with the regulation of business and therefore approval of the Minister of Environment was required. On September 25th, 2019 the City of Victoria announced their plan to ask the Supreme Court of Canada to rule on the authority of municipalities to regulate the distribution of plastic bags by businesses. In January 2020, the Supreme Court of Canada determined they would not hear the case.

Landing Page:	Reducing Single-Use Plastic Bags
Council Reports,	• October 2017 report titled Single-Use Checkout Bag Reduction Program – Bag
Presentations and	Reduction Strategy
Minutes:	o <u>PowerPoint</u>
	• December 2017 report titled Single-Use Checkout Bag Regulation – Draft Bylaw
	<u>Feedback</u>
Bylaw:	Bylaw No. 18-008
	Amendment Bylaw No. 18-064
Legal Challenges:	June 19, 2018 ruling in the BC Supreme Court
	July 11, 2019 judgment at the Court of Appeal for British Columbia
	• July 11, 2019 media release titled City Vows to Find Another Way to Eliminate
	Single-Use Plastic Bags
	• September 25, 2019 media release titled <i>City to Ask Supreme Court of Canada</i>
	to Rule on Municipal Power to Regulate Business Use of Plastic Bags

West Vancouver

On June 24, 2019, District of West Vancouver Council adopted a notice of motion to ask the Province – both directly and through a proposed Union of BC Municipalities (UBCM) resolution – to provide clear jurisdiction to municipalities to pass single-use item reduction bylaws. This UBCM resolution was endorsed by the UBCM Conference.

On September 9, 2019, District of West Vancouver Council instructed staff to develop a Single-Use Item Reduction Strategy. The city conducted an initial discussion with local businesses to collect input and ideas, and hear concerns and aspirations about their experience with single-use items. A business survey through westvancouverite.ca concluded February 7th, 2020.

Resources

Landing Page:	Developing a Single-Use Item Reduction Strategy
Council Reports, Presentations and Minutes:	 June 24, 2019 Report to Council Titled Notice of Motion regarding Confirming Municipal Jurisdiction to Regulate Single-Use Items September 9, 2019 Report to Council titled Municipal Single-Use Item Reduction Strategy
Bylaw:	None

Alberta

Calgary

On May 14, 2019, City Council directed staff to develop a City strategy to reduce single-use items. In October and November 2018, Calgary collected online feedback from citizens, businesses and organizations as part of their phase one of engagement. The city held further engagement with students at the 2019 Mayor's Environment Expo. Calgary plans to combine recommendations of the Federal Government with their stakeholder engagement to develop a draft Single-Use Items Waste Reduction Strategy for feedback in early 2020 and presentation to council in Spring 2020.

Resources

Landing Page:	Single-Use Items Waste Reduction Strategy
Council Reports,	• May 27 staff report dated May 15 2019 titled Scoping Report on Reducing
Presentations and	Waste From Single-Use Items
Minutes:	
Bylaw:	None
Other Resources:	What we Heard Report
	Verbatim Comments
	FAQs on landing page

Jasper

Jasper banned plastic bags including those labelled as compostable or biodegradable as of July 1, 2019. Compliance is voluntary with enforcement to take effect at a date determined by Council. Jasper promoted the bylaw through their BYO Bag Campaign.

The bylaw:

- requires that the business ask the customer first if they need a bag;
- requires paper bag to have 40% recycled post-consumer content and be labelled as such; and
- defines reusable as capable of at least 100 uses.

Resources

Landing Page:	Bring Your Own Bag, Jasper				
Council Reports,	 Minutes May 21, 2019 (Page 2) 				
Presentations and	• March 12, 2019 staff report titled <i>Comparative Environmental Impact of</i>				
Minutes:	Alternative Checkout Bags (Page 23)				
Bylaw:	Bylaw No. 215				
Other Resources	Retail toolkit				
	Business and Resident Feedback – May 2019				

Regional Municipality of Wood Buffalo

In 2010, the Regional Municipality of Wood Buffalo banned plastic bags, including biodegradable bags. While the municipal staff received some complaints about the cost of purchasing reusable bags, overall the bylaw was well received.

Resources

Landing Page:	None			
Council Reports, Presentations and	 November 24, 2009 report titled Bylaw No 09/33 Single-Use Plastic Shopping Bag Bylaw 			
Minutes:	<u>Bug Bytow</u>			
Bylaw:	Bylaw No. 12/007			
Other Resources:	BYO Bag Brochure			

Saskatchewan

Regina

The City of Regina is considering different single-use plastic reduction options to reach their reduction goals of their Waste Plan Regina. Staff conducted an online survey that ended October 2019.

On May 19, 2020, staff submitted a report to the Public Works and Infrastructure Committee following an early consultation. The report elaborated on three options:

- Continued focus on implementation of the Waste Plan Regina by working toward reduction of all disposable products, including plastics (Recommended).
- Implementing mandatory bag fees, or fees for other single use items.
- Ban plastic checkout bags at the municipal level via enforceable bylaw.

The report was withdrawn from the May 2020 committee meeting agenda with all members in favor of postponement.

Landing Page: <u>City Seeks Input on Single-Use Plastics</u>	Landing Page:	City Seeks Input on Single-Use Plastics
--	---------------	---

Council Reports, Presentations and Minutes:	May 19, 2020 staff report to committee titled <i>Item# PW120-3 Single-Use</i> Plastics (page 64 of 130)
Bylaw:	none

Ontario

Toronto

City of Toronto began consultation to develop a single-use and takeaway items reduction strategy following City Council direction in July 2018. In October, 2019 the City of Toronto started engagement on the following proposed bylaws with a plan for a phased-in approach

- 2021 Ask first for utensils and fees for paper and plastic bags; and
- 2022 Ask first for straws; fees on disposable cups; and ban on foam cups and containers.

Based on phase 1 consultation results from fall 2018, City of Toronto began developing potential policies and programs for their reduction strategy. Following phase 2 consultation in September 2019, City Staff are refining initiatives for presentation to the Infrastructure and Environment Committee in 2020.

Resources

Landing Page:	Reducing Single-Use & Takeaway Items		
Council Reports, Presentations and Minutes:	 July 23, 2018 Council direction to Address Single-Use Items, Misleading Advertising, and textile Waste in the City of Toronto May 6, 2019 staff report titled Single Use Item Consultation and Reduction Strategy Next Steps 		
Bylaw:	None		
Other Resources:	Single-Use and Takeaway Items Public Consultation Report dated May 2019 Single-Use and Takeaway Item Reduction Strategy – Phase 2 Consultation Presentation		

Quebec

Montreal (Ville and Metro)

In January 2018, the Ville de Montreal introduced a bylaw which bans:

- conventional plastic shopping bags (thickness less than 50 microns); and
- all oxo-degradable, oxo-fragmentable and biodegradable plastic shopping bags.

Over 30 jurisdictions (representing over 75% of the population) in the Communaute Metropolitaine de Montreal have banned bags. The <u>Ville de Montreal website</u> has the bylaw and FAQ detailing which municipalites have banned bags. Enforcement began June 5, 2018.

Landing Page:	Banning Single-Use Plastic Bags			
Bylaw:	law 16-051			
Other Resources:	FAQs			

New Brunswick

Tri-Cities of Moncton, Dieppe and Riverview

Neighboring cities Moncton, Dieppe and Riverview all passed similar bylaws in June 2019 banning the distribution of plastic checkout bags. Retailers can provide paper and reusable bags at a fee. Exceptions include bags for bulk foods and other specified items. The cities planned for the bylaws to come into force on July 1, 2020, but due to Covid-19, the start date was amended to begin October 1, 2020.

Resources

Landing Page:	lone	
Bylaw:	Moncton Bylaw P-619	
	Dieppe Bylaw A-13	
	iverview Bylaw 700-75	

Prince Edward Island

As of July 1, 2019, Prince Edward Island will be the first province to ban the distribution of plastic checkout bags, including those labelled biodegradable or compostable. Business must charge a fee for paper bags (minimum \$0.15) and reuseable bags (minimum \$1.00), which the business will retain.

Resources

Landing Page:	Plastic Bag Reduction		
Act:	Plastic Bag Reduction Act – Bill No. 114		
Other Resources:	Business Fact Sheet Customer Q&A		

Nova Scotia

Nova Scotia passed a bill to ban single-use plastic bags on October 29, 2019. The bill takes effect on October 30, 2020 and includes bags made from biodegradable or compostable plastic. Paper bags are permitted, but must be made from at least 40 percent post-consumer recycled paper. Exceptions include bags for bulk foods and other specified items.

Resources

Landing Page:	Single-use Plastic Bag Ban	
Act:	Plastic Bags Reduction Act – Bill No. 152	

Yukon Territories

Dawson City

Dawson City passed their Single Use Plastics Bylaw on February 12, 2020. Businesses are prohibited from providing customers with:

- Plastic bags;
- Plastic drinking straws;
- Plastic utensils; and
- Plastic or polystyrene foam take out containers or cups (including biodegradable or compostable variants).

The bylaw came into force as of April 22, 2020.

Resources

Landing Page:	Project & Council Initiatives: Single Use Plastics Bylaw
Bylaw:	Bylaw No. 2019-10

USA and Europe

Table 2 - Summary of Single-Use Item Reduction Policies and Strategies Outside of Canada

USA						
California						
	Plan/Strategy	Straws	Utensils	Bags	Cups	Containers
Portland, OR		By Request	By Request	Plastic Ban	Foam Ban	Foam Ban
California	-	-	-	Ban	-	-
Berkeley, CA		By Request	By Request	Plastic	Mandatory	Compostable
				Ban/Fees	Fee	Require
				(Alameda	Compostable	Reusable for
				County)	Require	Dine-in
					Reusable for	
					Dine-in	
Connecticut	-	-	-	Fee and	-	-
				Ban		
				Pending		
				(2021)		
Philadelphia,	-	-	-	Ban		
PA				(Pending		
				January		
				2021)		
Europe						
	T	1	1		1	
	Plan/Strategy	Straws	Utensils	Bags	Cups	Containers
European	Directive to	Pending	Pending Ban		Pending Ban	Pending Foam
Union	ban nine	Ban (2021)	(2021)		(2021)	Ban (2021)
	single-use					
	items as well					
	as oxo-					
	degradable					
	plastics.					

Portland

As of October 1, 2019 businesses in Portland cannot automatically include plastic straws, strirrers, utensils or individually packaged condiments in a customer's order for dine-in, drive through, take-out or delivery. These include plastic products labeled "compostable" or "biodegradable".

Since October 2013, the City of Portland has had a Checkout Bag Regulation which states that all retail establishments and food providers shall only provide recycled paper bags or reusable bags as checkout bags to customers.

Since January 1990, the City of Portland banned restaurants from serving food in polystrene foam food containers.

Landing Page:	Single-use Plastics Reduction Policy			
Council Reports,	• November 14, 2018 Council Report title <i>By-request policy for plastic straws in</i>			
Presentations and	dine-in areas; as well as an ask-first policy for plastic utensils and condiments			
Minutes:	for take-out, delivery and fast food orders.			
Regulation:	<u>City Code 17.103</u>			
	Oregon Straw Bill 90			
Other Resources:	Straws available by request sign			
	<u>Utensils available by request sign</u>			
	• Straws, stirrers, utensils, and condiments available by request sign			
	Business notification letter: Single-Use Plastics Reduction Policy Notification			
	<u>Letter</u>			

Resources

State of California

On November 8, 2016, Californa banned the distribution of single-use carry out bags. Business may still provide reusable grocery bags or recycled paper bags. But they must charge at least \$0.10 for each bag. Stores may sell compostable plastic bags if

- they are located in a jurisdiction where the majority of residential household have access to curbside collection for composting; or
- the local government has voted to allow the sale of compostable bags to consumers.

Bag manufacturers who sell reusable grocery bags in California must be certified by the Reusable Grocery Bag Reporting System.

Resources

Landing Page:	Single-Use Carryout Bag Ban
Regulation:	<u>Bill No. 270</u>

City of Berkeley

The City of Berkley introduced a Single-Use Foodware and Litter Reduction Ordinance which came into effect March 27, 2019 (phase 1) with additional restrictions coming into effect January 1, 2020 (phase 2) and July 1, 2020 (phase 3). Ordinance enforcement begins one year after their effective date. The ordinance includes the following components aimed at reducing the use and disposal of cups, lids, utensils, straws, clamshells, and other disposables:

Phase 1

• The following items will only available by request:

- Straws, stirrers, napkins, utensils, condiments cups and packets, cup sleeves, tops, lids, spill plugs, and other similar accessories
- Food Vendors must provide color-coded receptacles.
- City events and facilities must only serve food in reusable or certified compostable food serviceware.

Phase 2

- All disposable food serviceware must be certified compostable and free of intentionally added fluorinated chemicals.
- Food venders must charge \$0.25 for disposable cups.

Phase 3

• Food vendors offering on-site dining may only use resuables (durable/washable).

The Alameda County Reusable Bag Ordinace applies to City of Berkeley. Therefore City of Berkeley retailers must

- no longer distribute single-use plastic bags;
- charge a minimum of \$0.10 for paper bags and/or compliant reusable bags; and
- encourage customers to bring their own bag.

Resources

Landing Page:	Berkeley Single Use Foodware and Litter Reduction Ordinance
Council Reports,	July 24, 2012 Council Report titled Expanded Single-Use Bag Reduction Ordinance
Presentations and	
Minutes:	
Regulation:	City of Berkeley Single Use Foodware Ordinance No. 7,639-N.S.
	Alameda County Reusable Bag Ordinance 2016-2
Other Resources:	Ordinance Requirements for the Prepared Food Vendors fact sheet

State of Connecticut

On August 1, 2019, Connecticut retailers were required to charge a fee of \$0.10 per single-use plastic checkout bag less than 4 mils thick. "Single-use checkout bag" does not include paper bags; reusable bags; newspaper bags; luandry or dry cleaning bags; or bags used only to contain meat, seafood, loose produce of other unwrapped food items. Single-use plastic checkout bags are scheduled to be banned on June 30, 2021.

Municipalties can enact ordinances concerning plastic single-use checkout bags that are as restrictive or more restrictive than the statewide Act.

Landing Page:	Single-Use Plastic Bag Fee
Regulation:	Bill No. 7424
Other Resources:	FAQs

Philadelphia

Philadelphia City Council passed a Single Use Plastics Ban in December 2019. The original effective date of the ban was pushed from July 2, 2020 to January 1, 2021 in light of Covid-19. Enforcement will begin April 1, 2021. Following a three month education period, fines for non-compliance will begin July 1, 2021.

Exceptions to the bag ban include

- Dry Cleaner bags;
- Bags sold in packages with multiple bags, such as garbage, recycling and yard waste bags; and
- Bags used inside retailers by a custmer to delivery perishable items to point f sale (bulk items, meats, bakery goods, flowers and similar items).

In addition, only recyclable plastic bags will be permitted. Philadelphia plans to release additional support material such as flyers and business signage in the coming months.

Resources

Landing Page:	Philadelphia's Single Use Plastic Bag Ban
Regulation:	Bill No. 190610-A02
Other Resources:	FAQs on landing page

European Union

The European Union voted to ban selected single-use plastics by 2021. The ban includes cotton bud sticks, utensils, plates, straws, stirrers, sticks for balloons, cups, foam food and beverage containers, and products made of oxo-degradable plastics. Taking action on plastics is a priority for the EU's Circular Economy Action Plan.

Landing Page:	European Strategy for Plastics
Council Reports,	• Brussels May 28, 2018 document titled Proposal for a Directive of the European
Presentations and	Parliament and of the Council on the reduction of the impact of certain plastic
Minutes:	products on the environment and Annex
	March 27, 2019 meeting agenda and vote
Strategy:	Implementation Plan
	Directive
Other Resources:	Single-use Plastics Factsheet
	Press release May 28, 2019
	<u>Q&A</u>
	Impact assessment part 1, part 2, part 3 and summary
	Supporting Study: Assessment of measures to reduce marine litter from single use
	<u>plastics</u>
	Engagement Synopsis report